Effective Use of the Learning Progression Framework to Enhance English Language Learning, Teaching and Assessment in Speaking and Listening at Primary Level

June - July 2021 English Language Education Section Curriculum Development Institute Education Bureau

### **Rundown of the Programme**

Part 1 Introduction to the Learning Progression Framework (LPF)

Part 2 Using the LPF to Enhance the Learning and Teaching of Speaking Skills

Part 3 Using the LPF to Enhance the Learning and Teaching of Listening Skills

# **Objectives**

Sto introduce the Learning Progression Framework (LPF) for English Language as a reference tool to give constructive feedback and improve students' speaking and listening skills at primary level;

Sto provide suggestions for teachers to improve students' speaking and listening skills by designing appropriate learning tasks and activities; and

Sto inspire teachers with hands-on activities on designing/revising learning tasks and activities to improve students' speaking and listening skills

# Part 1

### Introduction to the

### Learning Progression Framework (LPF)

### The Learning Progression Framework (LPF) for English Language

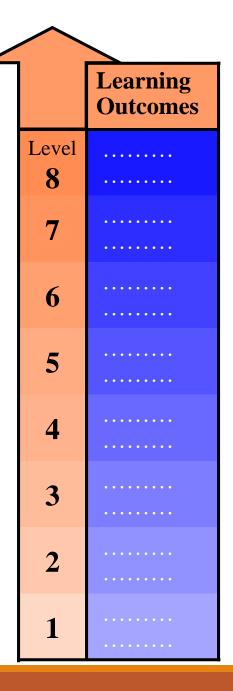


### What is the Learning Progression Framework (LPF)?



The LPF:

- represents the growth of learners on a developmental continuum as they work towards the Learning Targets and Objectives of the English Language curriculum;
- is made up of Attainment Milestones organised under the four language skills and divided into eight levels of attainment;
- helps teachers better understand and articulate learners' performance; and
- helps teachers plan strategically how to enhance English Language learning, teaching and assessment.



### What are the purposes of developing the LPF?



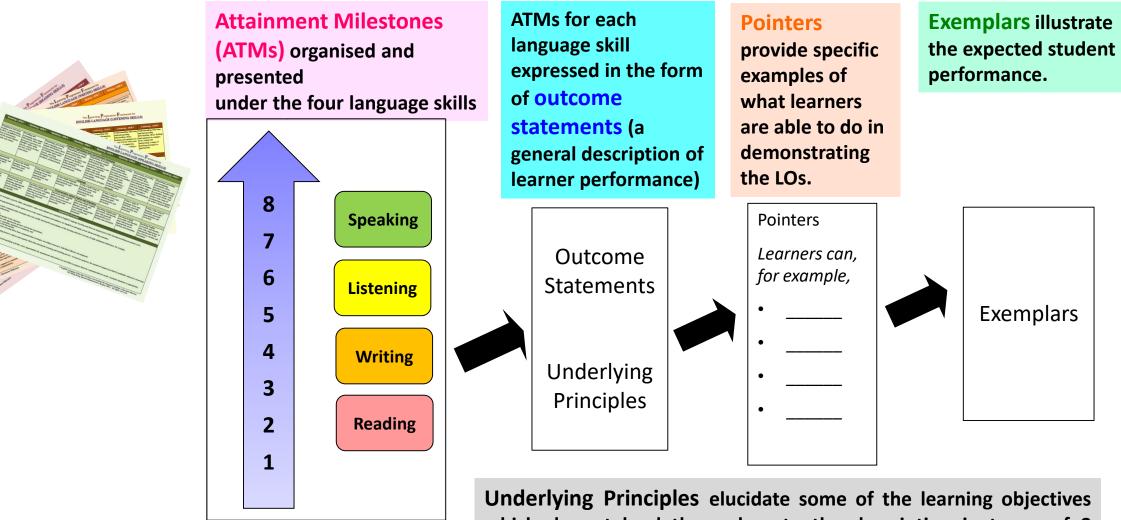
 To provide reference for understanding students' learning progress

✓ To plan and review

To help students progress along the learning continuum

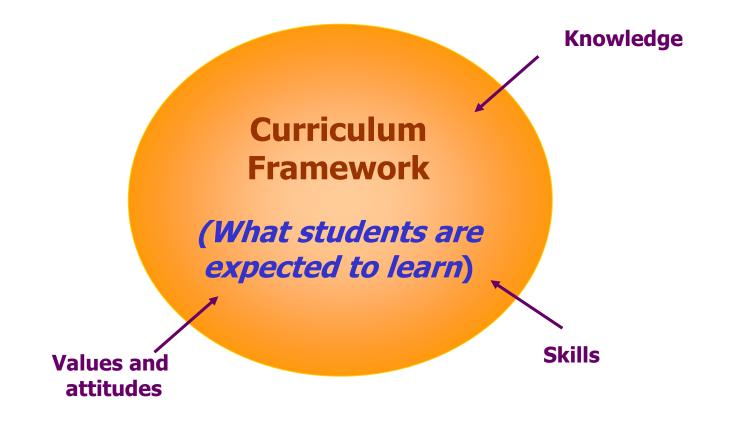
Not for summative assessment / Benchmarking students

#### The Structure of the LPF for English Language

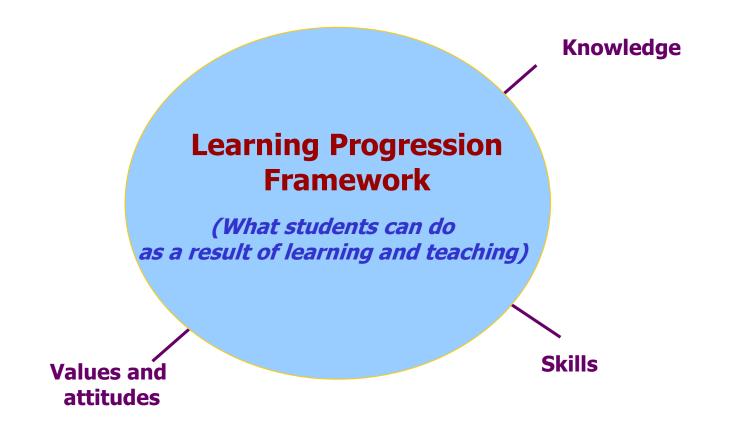


which do not lend themselves to the description in terms of 8 attainment milestones but are essential to English language learning.

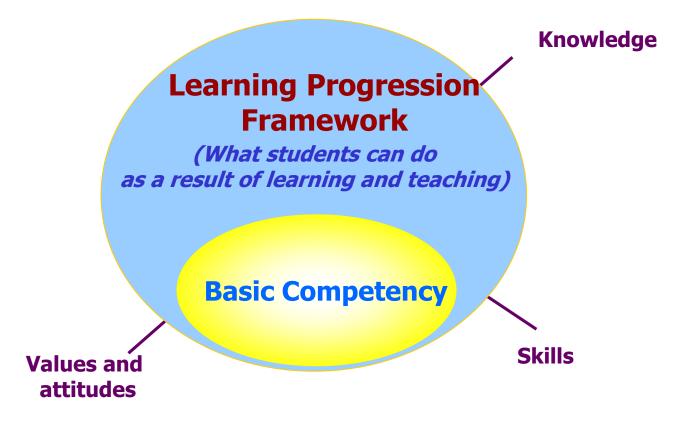
### Relationship between the Curriculum Framework, LPF and BC



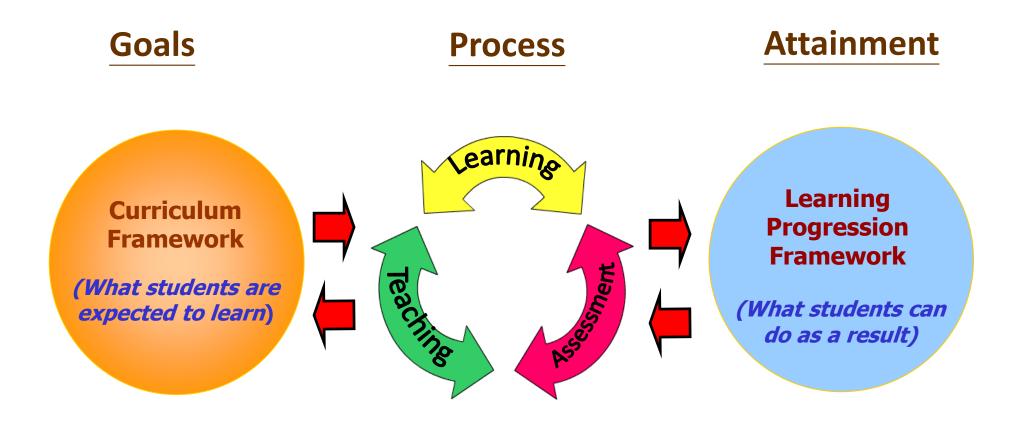
### Relationship between the Curriculum Framework, LPF and BC



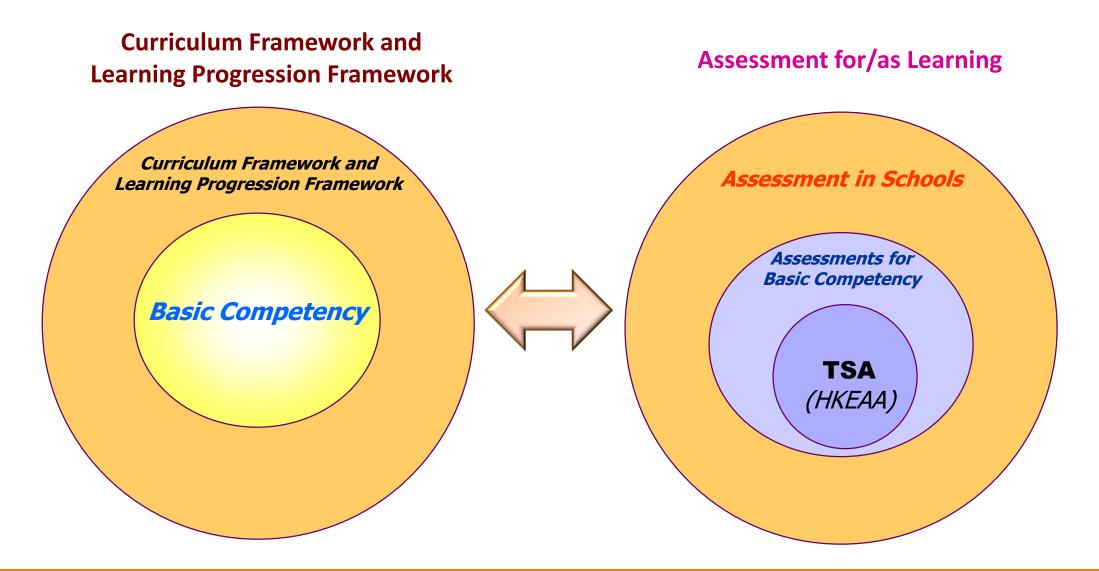
### Relationship between the Curriculum Framework, LPF and BC



### Curriculum Framework, Learning, Teaching and Assessment, and Learning Progression Framework (LPF)



### **Curriculum and Assessment**



# Part 2

# Using the LPF to Enhance the Learning and Teaching of Speaking Skills

#### The Learning Progression Framework for ENGLISH LANGUAGE (SPEAKING SKILLS)

### The LPF for English Language (Speaking)

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
			Learning	Outcomes			
		C	ontent, organisation and	communication strategi			
Engaging in classroom routines, and providing a short, straightforward item of information centred around objects, people and actions	Providing and exchanging some simple information, ideas and personal experiences on familiar topics quite clearly, relying at times on non-verbal expressions	Organising, presenting and exchanging some simple information, ideas and personal experiences on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication	Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication	Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a small range of formulaic communication strategies	Aganising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a range of formulaic communication strategies	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with some elaboration clearly, and using a range of communication strategies	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with elaboration clearly, and using a wide range of communication strategies to achieve desired effects
		•	Lang	juage			
Using predominantly formulaic language and simple words quite appropriately	Using some simple language forms and functions quite appropriately	Using some simple language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using simple language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a small range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a range of language forms and functions generally appropriately and accurately	Using a wide range of language forms and functions generally appropriately and accurately
			Pronunciation, stress,	rhythm and intonation			
Pronouncing some simple words quite accurately	Pronouncing most simple words and imitating appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation quite accurately	Speaking simple and short stretches of English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking simple English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking simple English quite accurately and fluently, and with occasionally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking English quite accurately and fluently, and with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking English accurately and fluently, and with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking English accurately and fluently, and with a high degree of appropriateness in the use of stress, rhythm and intonation
			Underlying	Principles			

. Language development strategies, generic skills, and positive values and attitudes are essential to English Language learning and form an integral part of the learning-teaching-assessment cycle.

2. The meaningfulness and appropriateness of the spoken texts to the context, purpose and audience are implicit in and apply across all the learning outcomes.

The development of some basic communication strategies does not readily lend itself to descriptions of the learning outcomes in terms of eight attainment milestones, for example,

- · showing interest to communicate,
- · facing the listener,

3.

- · maintaining eye contact,
- · speaking at a volume appropriate to the situation,
- · enhancing own spoken texts with appropriate gestures and facial expressions,
- · responding readily to others' questions, opinions or comments, and
- turn-taking in conversations and discussions.

Teachers are expected to help learners develop these basic communication strategies according to learners' individual affective development.

4. Teacher support is essential to helping learners express and organise their ideas during the learning and teaching process. As learners progress, the amount of support provided is gradually reduced to encourage learner independence.

Apart from engaging learners in rehearsed speaking activities, more opportunities for spontaneous interactions are provided to prepare them for communication in social / academic situations as appropriate.

ATM = Attainment Milestone

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### **The LPF for English Language (Speaking) – Underlying Principles**

- 1. language development strategies, generic skills, and positive values and attitudes (all 4 skills)
- 2. meaningfulness and appropriateness of the texts to the context, purpose and audience (Speaking and Writing)
- 3. development of some **basic communication strategies** (e.g. showing interest to communicate, facing the listener, maintaining eye contact, speaking at a volume appropriate to the situation, etc.)
- the provision of support and the need to encourage learner independence (all 4 skills)
- provision of rehearsed speaking activities and spontaneous interactions

### **Understanding the Learning Progression**

# Activity 1a - Identify the missing learning outcomes for "Content, organisation and communication strategies" from the choices given

Engaging in classroom routines, and providing a short, straightforward item of information	Organising, presenting and exchanging some	Learning Content, organisation and	Organising, presenting	es Organising, presenting	Operation
routines, and providing a short, straightforward	Organising, presenting and exchanging some	Content, organisation and	Organising, presenting		Ourse states and the second states of the second st
routines, and providing a short, straightforward	and exchanging some			Organising, presenting	Oversiteing and the
centred around objects, people and actions	simple information, ideas and personal experiences on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication		and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a small range of formulaic communication strategies	and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a range of formulaic communication strategies	 Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with elaboration clearly, and using a wide range of communication strategies to achieve desired effects

а.	Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and	b.	Providing and exchanging some simple information, ideas and personal experiences on	С.	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences	
	opinions on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic		familiar topics quite clearly, relying at times on non-verbal		and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with some elaboration	
	expressions to facilitate communication		expressions		clearly, and using a range of communication strategies	
					structures	

### **Understanding the Learning Progression**

# Activity 1a - Identify the missing learning outcomes for "Content, organisation and communication strategies" from the choices given

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – A	ATM 3	Speaking -	ATM 4	Spea	king - ATN	<b>/</b> 15	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
					Learning C	Outcomes	;				
			Cont	ent, organis	ation and	communi	cation str	ategie	es		
Engaging in classroom routines, and providing a short, straightforward item of information centred around objects, people and actions	b. Organising, and exchang information, personal exp opinions on f topics quite of using formul expressions t communicat	ing simple ideas, eriences and familiar clearly, and aic to facilitate	nting ome n, ideas eriences quite ions to	Providing exchangin informatio personal e familiar to clearly, rel on non-ver expression	and g some sin on, ideas a xperience opics quite lying at tin rbal	Organisin and excha information personal economic opinions of topics with elaboration and using of formula communic nple nd s on	g, presenti nging simp on, ideas, xperiences n familiar h some n quite cle a small rat	or or or or or or or or or or	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a range of formulaic communication strategies anising, presenting exchanging rmation, ideas, onal experiences opinions on familiar less familiar topics a some elaboration rly, and using a ge of communication tegies	<b>C.</b>	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with elaboration clearly, and using a wide range of communication strategies to achieve desired effects

### **Progression of the Learning Outcomes -**

### **Content, Organisation and Communication Strategies**

#### ATM 2

Providing and exchanging some simple information, ideas and personal experiences on familiar topics quite clearly, relying at times on non-verbal expressions

#### ATM 4

Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication

#### ATM 7

Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with some elaboration clearly, and using a range of communication strategies

#### **Depth of processing**

Text complexity

Familiarity with topics

Range & application of speaking strategies

### The LPF for English Language (Speaking)

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
			Learning	Outcomes			
		С	ontent, organisation and	communication strategie	S		
Engaging in classroom routines, and providing a short, straightforward item of information centred around objects, people and actions	personal experiences on familiar topics quite	Organising, presenting and exchanging some simple information, ideas and personal experiences on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication	Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication	Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a small range of formulaic communication strategies	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a range of formulaic communication strategies Pointers	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with some elaboration clearly, and using a range of communication strategies	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with elaboration clearly, and using a wide range of communication strategies to achieve desired effects
<ul> <li>Fonders</li> <li>Learners can, for example,</li> <li>exchange simple greetings and farewells</li> <li>make simple requests</li> <li>state their own name and age</li> <li>name some objects, animals and colours</li> <li>express likes and dislikes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fonters can, for example,</li> <li>express and respond to thanks and apologies</li> <li>accept or decline offers</li> <li>ask and answer questions in very short, common social exchanges (e.g. buying and selling)</li> <li>give brief descriptions of objects, people or places in show-and-tell activities</li> <li>role play scripts from short, simple fables and stories</li> <li>give brief and simple personal responses to the characters or events in stories read in class</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learners can, for example,</li> <li>open, maintain and close short and simple interactions (e.g. making and answering simple and structured telephone calls) using mainly formulaic expressions</li> <li>give short and simple instructions to complete a task (e.g. making a sandwich)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prometers can, for example,</li> <li>open, maintain and close simple interactions (e.g. asking and giving directions) using mainly formulaic expressions</li> <li>give simple presentations on topics of personal choice, mainly based on information from prepared scripts</li> <li>express simple opinions about a topic of interest</li> <li>recount simple events by providing a clear sequence</li> <li>retell simple and familiar stories</li> <li>respond to characters and events in familiar stories through describing own related experiences and making simple evaluative remarks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fonters <i>Can, for example,</i></li> <li>sustain conversational exchanges by asking and responding to follow-up questions (e.g. discussing the arrangements for a class party), requesting repetition or clarification as appropriate</li> <li>give presentations on familiar topics with some claboration, adding signals to mark the beginning and the end</li> <li>express opinions about a topic of interest with some reasons</li> <li>recount events by providing details of who, what, when, where and/or why</li> <li>summarise part of a text (e.g. a story or an article)</li> <li>respond to characters and events in simple imaginative and simple evaluative remarks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learners can, for example,</li> <li>sustain conversational exchanges and contribute to discussions on familiar topics (c.g. planning and carrying out a project about festivals), seeking</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Foniers can, for example,</li> <li>Learners can, for example,</li> <li>sustain conversational exchanges and contribute to discussions on less familiar topics (e.g. planning and carrying out a project on genetically modified food) in addition to familiar ones, leading and redirecting discussions as appropriate</li> <li>give presentations on both familiar and less familiar topics with some elaboration on appropriate aspects, rephrasing the key points as appropriate</li> <li>present views and arguments with reasons and illustrations, summarising or reformulating for the benefit of others</li> <li>summarise different viewpoints in a discussion</li> <li>respond to characters, events, issues and themes in imaginative and narrative texts through giving evaluative comments</li> </ul>	Learners can, for example, extend conversational exchanges and make significant contributions in discussions on a variety of

functions generally

appropriately and

accurately

#### Activity 1b - Identify the missing learning outcomes for "Language" from the choices given

appropriately and

accurately

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
			Learning	Outcomes			
			Lang	guage			
Using predominantly formulaic language and simple words quite appropriately		Using some simple language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately		Using a small range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately		Using a wide range of language forms and functions generally appropriately and accurately
	a. Using a ra		b. Using simple lan forms and funct		Using some simple language forms an		

functions quite

appropriately

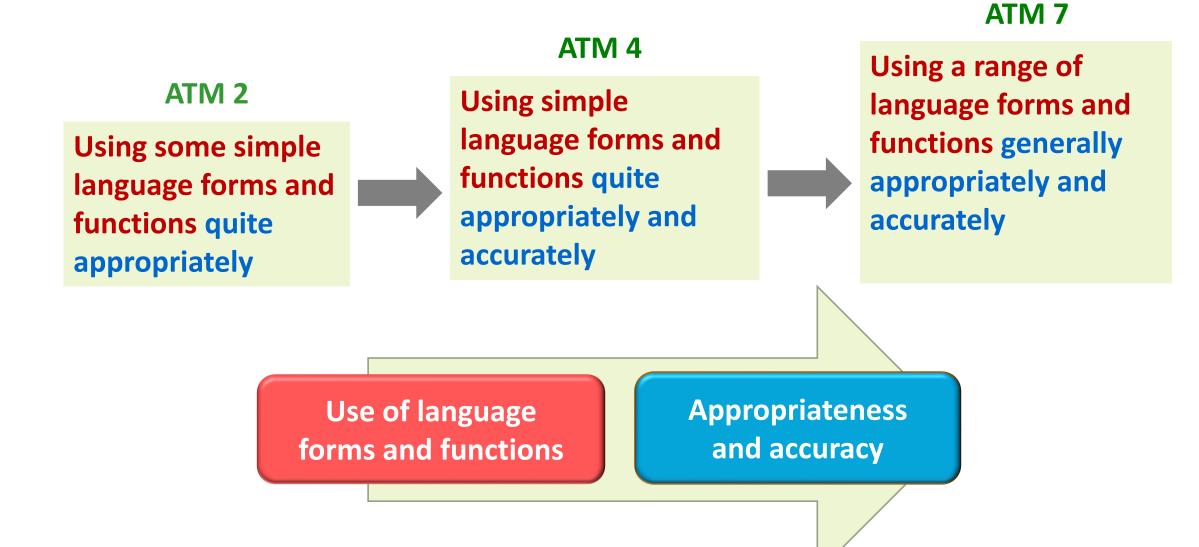
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accurately

#### Activity 1b - Identify the missing learning outcomes for "Language" from the choices given

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
			Learning	Outcomes			
			Lang	juage			
Using predominantly formulaic language and simple words quite appropriately		Using some simple language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	b.	Using a small range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	a.	Using a wide range of language forms and functions generally appropriately and accurately
	a. Using a ra language f functions appropria	forms and generally	0. Using simple lan forms and funct appropriately an accurately	tions quite	Using some simple language forms and functions quite appropriately	1	

### **Progression of the Learning Outcomes - Language**



### The LPF for English Language (Speaking)

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
			Learning (	Outcomes			
			Lang	uage			
formulaic language and lan simple words quite fun	guage forms and actions quite propriately	language forms and functions quite	Using simple language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately		Using a range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a range of language forms and functions generally appropriately and accurately	Using a wide range of language forms and functions generally appropriately and accurately
	nters	Pointers	Pointers	Pointers	Pointers	Pointers	Pointers
<ul> <li>Learners can, for example, Lear</li> <li>use simple formulaic expressions to engage in classroom routines (e.g. 'How are you?'/ 'I'm fine, thank you.', 'Pardon?', 'May I go to the toilet, please?')</li> <li>use some high-frequency function words (including mainly pronouns, articles and auxiliary verbs) and simple content words (including mainly nouns, verbs and adjectives) to respond to simple questions</li> <li>use mainly single-word utterances or short phrases to convey meaning</li> </ul>	rners can, for example, use a small range of formulaic expressions, and some simple vocabulary from school texts ask and answer some simple questions with a formulaic stem (e.g. 'Is it red?' / 'Yes, it is.', 'What is it?' / 'It's a bike.') produce simple phrases and short sentences involving repetition or listing (e.g. 'I like bananas, apples and oranges.') use mainly simple present tense to describe present tense to describe present states and habitual actions with some consistency	<ul> <li>use a range of formulaic expressions, and some simple vocabulary on familiar topics (e.g. family, school) in structured dialogues (e.g. A: Hello. May I speak to Tony, please?</li> <li>B: Speaking.</li> <li>A: This is Peter. Are you coming to my house this Saturday?</li> <li>B: Yes I am.</li> <li>A: Ok. See you then.</li> <li>B: See you.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learners can, for example,</li> <li>use a range of formulaic expressions, and a small range of simple vocabulary on familiar topics in structured dialogues</li> <li>ask 'Wh' questions with some consistency</li> <li>use familiar past tense verb forms with some consistency</li> <li>use modals for some communicative functions with some consistency</li> <li>use simple adjectives/ adjective phrases to describe things and feelings with some consistency</li> <li>use simple adverbs/adverb phrases to describe time, place and manner with some consistency</li> <li>use some connectives, pronouns and possessive adjectives to link ideas with some consistency</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learners can, for example,</li> <li>use a range of formulaic expressions, and a small range of vocabulary on familiar topics in open-ended dialogues</li> <li>ask 'Wh' questions with some consistency</li> <li>use a small range of tenses to refer to past, present and future events with some consistency</li> <li>use modals for a small range of communicative functions with some consistency</li> <li>use a small range of adjectives/adjective phrases to describe and compare with some consistency</li> <li>use a small range of adverbs/adverb phrases/adverbial clauses for a small range of communicative functions (e.g. concession, result) with some consistency</li> <li>use a small range of connectives, pronouns and possessive adjectives to link ideas with some consistency</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>of formality</li> <li>ask a range of questions including indirect questions in conversations and group discussions with some consistency</li> <li>use a small range of tenses and active/passive voice to refer to past, present and future events with some consistency</li> <li>use modals for a range of communicative functions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learners can, for example,</li> <li>use a range of vocabulary on familiar and less familiar topics, appropriate to the level of formality</li> <li>ask a range of questions including indirect questions in conversations and group discussions with consistency</li> <li>use a range of tenses, and active/passive voice for various purposes with some consistency</li> <li>use modals for a range of communicative functions with consistency</li> <li>use a range of adjectives/ adjective phrases to describe and compare with consistency</li> <li>use a range of adverbs/adverb phrases/adverbial clauses for a range of communicative functions with consistency</li> <li>use a range of communicative functions with consistency</li> <li>use a range of communicative functions with consistency</li> <li>use a range of connectives, pronouns and possessive adjectives to link ideas with consistency</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and less familiar topics, appropriate to the level of formality</li> <li>use a range of tenses, and</li> </ul>

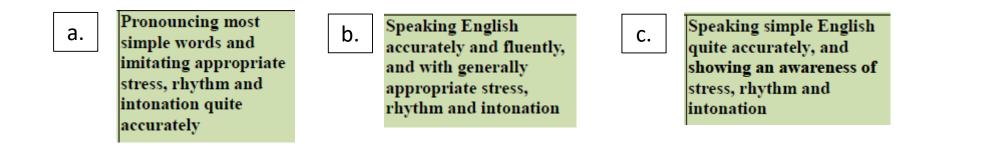
Activity 1c - Identify the missing learning outcomes for "**Pronunciation, stress, rhythm and intonation**" from the choices given

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
			Learning (	Outcomes			
			Pronunciation, stress,	rhythm and intonation			
Pronouncing some		Speaking simple and		Speaking simple English	Speaking English quite		Speaking English
simple words quite		short stretches of English		· ·	accurately and fluently,		accurately and fluently,
accurately		quite accurately, and		fluently, and with	and with generally		and with a high degree of
		showing an awareness of			appropriate stress,		appropriateness in the
		stress, rhythm and		stress, rhythm and	rhythm and intonation		use of stress, rhythm and
		intonation		intonation			intonation

a. Pronouncing most simple words and imitating appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation quite accurately	b. Speaking English accurately and fluently, and with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation	<b>C</b> .	Speaking simple English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation	
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Activity 1c - Identify the missing learning outcomes for "**Pronunciation, stress, rhythm and intonation**" from the choices given

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
			Learning (	Outcomes			
			Pronunciation, stress,	rhythm and intonation			
Pronouncing some simple words quite accurately	a.	Speaking simple and short stretches of English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation		fluently, and with	Speaking English quite accurately and fluently, and with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation	b.	Speaking English accurately and fluently, and with a high degree of appropriateness in the use of stress, rhythm and intonation



### **Progression of the Learning Outcomes – Pronunciation, Stress, Rhythm and Intonation**

#### ATM 2

Pronouncing most simple words and imitating appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation quite accurately

### ATM 4 Speaking simple English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation

#### **ATM 7**

Speaking English accurately and fluently, and with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation

### Pronunciation

Stress, rhythm and intonation

### The LPF for English Language (Speaking)

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
			Learning (	Dutcomes			
			Pronunciation, stress,	rhythm and intonation		-	
Pronouncing some simple words quite accurately	Pronouncing most simple words and imitating appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation quite accurately	Speaking simple and short stretches of English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking simple English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking simple English quite accurately and fluently, and with occasionally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking English quite accurately and fluently, and with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking English accurately and fluently, and with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation	Speaking English accurately and fluently, and with a high degree of appropriateness in the use of stress, rhythm and intonation
Pointers Learners can, for example, • pronounce some simple words with generally accurate word stress	Pointers Learners can, for example, pronounce most simple words with generally accurate word stress read aloud short and simple stories/poems/rhymes imitating appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation with some accuracy	<ul> <li>Pointers Learners can, for example,</li> <li>pronounce simple words quite accurately</li> <li>pronounce occasionally the final consonants of words (e.g. five', 'six', 'fat')</li> <li>produce short spontaneous utterances showing an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation</li> <li>read aloud short and simple texts quite fluently</li> </ul>	Pointers Learners can, for example, • pronounce most familiar words quite accurately • pronounce some sound clusters quite accurately (e.g. 'drink', 'watched') • produce spontaneous utterances showing an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation • read aloud simple texts fluently	<ul> <li>Pointers Learners can, for example,</li> <li>pronounce most familiar words and some unfamiliar words quite accurately</li> <li>pronounce most sound clusters quite accurately</li> <li>produce spontaneous utterances with occasionally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation, taking some pauses to search for fairly basic lexis and grammar</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pointers <i>Learners can, for example,</i> <ul> <li>pronounce most familiar and unfamiliar words quite accurately</li> <li>pronounce most sound clusters generally accurately</li> <li>produce spontaneous utterances with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation, taking few pauses to search for basic lexis and grammar</li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Pointers <i>Learners can, for example,</i> </li> <li>pronounce most familiar and unfamiliar words accurately</li> <li>produce long utterances with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pointers Learners can, for example,</li> <li>speak English with clear and accurate pronunciation</li> <li>produce long utterances naturally using appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation</li> </ul>

#### Understanding Students' Learning Outcomes with LPF Speaking Exemplar – Guessing the Food

Activity 2a - Watch a video clip about a group of students engaging in a speaking activity in which they **made guesses about the food drawn on their own headbands** by asking group members simple questions.

Link to the clip:

https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculum-development/kla/eng-edu/references-resources/LPF/Exemplars/Speaking/02\_Guessing\_the\_Food\_x264.mp4

Assess their performance in respect of **Content, Organisation and Communication Strategies**. Decide **the ATM level** these students achieved.

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8			
Learning Outcomes										
	Content, organisation and communication strategies									
Engaging in classroom routines, and providing a short, straightforward item of information centred around objects, people and actions	Providing and exchanging some simple information, ideas and personal experiences on familiar topics quite clearly, relying at times on non-verbal expressions	Organising, presenting and exchanging some simple information, ideas and personal experiences on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication	Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication	Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a small range of formulaic communication strategies	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a range of formulaic communication strategies	and less familiar topics with some elaboration clearly, and using a	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with elaboration clearly, and using a wide range of communication strategies to achieve desired effects			

#### Understanding Students' Learning Outcomes with LPF Speaking Exemplar -My Dream Job

Activity 2b - Watch a video clip about a student giving a simple presentation on her dream job.

Link to the clip:

https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculum-development/kla/eng-edu/references-resources/LPF/Exemplars/Speaking/12\_My\_Dream\_Job\_x264.mp4

Assess her performance in respect of Language and the communication strategies. Decide the ATM level the student achieved and the basic communication strategies she adopted.

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8			
	Learning Outcomes									
Language										
Using predominantly formulaic language and simple words quite appropriately	Using some simple language forms and functions quite appropriately	Using some simple language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using simple language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a small range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a range of language forms and functions generally appropriately and accurately	Using a wide range of language forms and functions generally appropriately and accurately			
			Underlying	Principles						
3. The development	of some basic commun	ication strategies does n	ot readily lend itself to dea	scriptions of the learning	outcomes in terms of ei	ght attainment milestone	es, for example,			
• showing interest t	to communicate,					-	-			
e	• facing the listener,									
• maintaining eye c	• maintaining eye contact,									
	• speaking at a volume appropriate to the situation,									
	• enhancing own spoken texts with appropriate gestures and facial expressions,									
<ul> <li>responding readily to others' questions, opinions or comments, and</li> </ul>										

• turn-taking in conversations and discussions.

Teachers are expected to help learners develop these basic communication strategies according to learners' individual affective development.

#### Understanding Students' Learning Outcomes with LPF Speaking Exemplar – Reading Aloud an Extract from a Storybook

#### Activity 2c - Watch a video clip about a student reading aloud a short extract from a storybook.

Link to the clip:

https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculum-development/kla/eng-edu/references-resources/LPF/Exemplars/Speaking/20\_Reading\_Aloud\_from\_Storybook\_x264.mp4

#### Assess his performance in respect of **Pronunciation**, **Stress**, **Rhythm & Intonation**. Decide **the ATM level** he achieved.

Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
		Learning	Outcomes			
		Pronunciation, stress,	rhythm and intonation			
Pronouncing most	Speaking simple and	Speaking simple English	Speaking simple English	Speaking English quite	Speaking English	Speaking English
simple words and	short stretches of English	quite accurately, and	quite accurately and	accurately and fluently,	accurately and fluently,	accurately and fluently,
mitating appropriate	quite accurately, and	showing an awareness of	fluently, and with	and with generally	and with generally	and with a high degree of
stress, rhythm and	showing an awareness of	stress, rhythm and			appropriate stress,	appropriateness in the
ntonation quite	stress, rhythm and	intonation	stress, rhythm and	rhythm and intonation	rhythm and intonation	use of stress, rhythm and
accurately	intonation		intonation			intonation
	Pronouncing most imple words and mitating appropriate tress, rhythm and ntonation quite	Pronouncing most imple words and mitating appropriate tress, rhythm and ntonation quite	LearningLearningPronouncing mostSpeaking simple andSpeaking simple Englishimple words andshort stretches of Englishquite accurately, andmitating appropriatequite accurately, andshowing an awareness oftress, rhythm andshowing an awareness ofstress, rhythm andntonation quitestress, rhythm andintonation	Learning OutcomesLearning OutcomesPronunciation, stress, rhythm and intonationPronouncing most imple words and mitating appropriate tress, rhythm and ntonation quiteSpeaking simple and short stretches of English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm andSpeaking simple English quite accurately, and stress, rhythm and intonationSpeaking simple English quite accurately and fluently, and with occasionally appropriate stress, rhythm and	Learning OutcomesLearning OutcomesPronunciation, stress, rhythm and intonationPronouncing most imple words and mitating appropriate tress, rhythm and ntonation quiteSpeaking simple and short stretches of English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm andSpeaking simple English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm andSpeaking simple English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm andSpeaking simple English quite accurately, and stress, rhythm and intonationSpeaking simple English quite accurately and fluently, and with occasionally appropriate stress, rhythm andSpeaking simple English quite accurately and fluently, and with occasionally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation	Learning OutcomesLearning OutcomesPronunciation, stress, rhythm and intonationPronouncing most imple words and mitating appropriate tress, rhythm and ntonation quiteSpeaking simple and short stretches of English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm andSpeaking simple English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm andSpeaking simple English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm andSpeaking simple English quite accurately, and showing an awareness of stress, rhythm andSpeaking simple English quite accurately and fluently, and with occasionally appropriate stress, rhythm andSpeaking English accurately and fluently, and with generally appropriate stress, rhythm and intonation

#### **Understanding Students' Learning Outcomes with LPF Speaking Exemplar - Guessing the Food**

Activity 2a - Watch a video clip about a group of students engaging in a speaking activity in which they **made guesses about the food drawn on their own headbands** by asking group members simple questions.

Link to the clip:

https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculum-development/kla/eng-edu/references-resources/LPF/Exemplars/Speaking/02\_Guessing\_the\_Food\_x264.mp4

The students' performance in respect of **Content, Organisation and Communication Strategies** and annotation:

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8	
		Learning Outcomes						
		c	content, organisation and	communication strategie	s			
Engaging in classroom routines, and providing a short, straightforward item of information centred around objects, people and actions	Providing and exchanging some simple information, ideas and personal experiences on familiar topics quite clearly, relying at times on non-verbal expressions	Organising, presenting and exchanging some simple information, ideas and personal experiences on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication	Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics quite clearly, and using formulaic expressions to facilitate communication	Organising, presenting and exchanging simple information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a small range of formulaic communication strategies	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar topics with some elaboration quite clearly, and using a range of formulaic communication strategies	personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with some elaboration clearly, and using a	Organising, presenting and exchanging information, ideas, personal experiences and opinions on familiar and less familiar topics with elaboration clearly, and using a wide range of communication strategies to achieve desired effects	

All students who engaged in the speaking activity attained ATM 2 in Content, Organisation and Communication Strategies.

#### Annotation

The students were able to ask and answer questions in very short, common social exchanges to guess and give clues on the type of food that was drawn on their headbands.

#### Understanding Students' Learning Outcomes with LPF Speaking Exemplar - My Dream Job

Activity 2b - Watch a video clip about a student giving a simple presentation on her dream job.

Link to the clip:

https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculum-development/kla/eng-edu/references-resources/LPF/Exemplars/Speaking/12\_My\_Dream\_Job\_x264.mp4

The student's performance in respect of **Language** and annotation:

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8
			Learning	Outcomes			
			Lang	Juage			
formulaic language and simple words quite	Using some simple language forms and functions quite appropriately	Using some simple language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	appropriately and	Using a small range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately	Using a range of language forms and functions quite appropriately and accurately		Using a wide range of language forms and functions generally appropriately and accurately

The student attained ATM 3 in Language.

#### Annotation

The student was able to

- use some simple vocabulary to describe her dream job, e.g. 'meaningful', 'helpful', 'friendly', 'hardworking';
- use simple connectives to link ideas, e.g. 'Teachers are kind and clever.'; and
- use future tense to talk about her dream job, e.g. 'I think I will enjoy doing this job very much.".

#### Understanding Students' Learning Outcomes with LPF Speaking Exemplar - My Dream Job

Activity 2b - Watch a video clip about a student giving **a simple presentation on her dream job**. Link to the clip:

https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculum-development/kla/eng-edu/references-resources/LPF/Exemplars/Speaking/12\_My\_Dream\_Job\_x264.mp4

The **basic communication strategies** the student adopted:

#### **Underlying Principles**

- **3.** The development of some **basic communication strategies** does not readily lend itself to descriptions of the learning outcomes in terms of eight attainment milestones, for example,
- showing interest to communicate,
- ✓ facing the listener.
- 🖌 maintaining eye contact,
- ✓ speaking at a volume appropriate to the situation,
- enhancing own spoken texts with appropriate gestures and facial expressions,
- responding readily to others' questions, opinions or comments, and
- turn-taking in conversations and discussions.

Teachers are expected to help learners develop these basic communication strategies according to learners' individual affective development.

#### **Understanding Students' Learning Outcomes with LPF Speaking Exemplar - Reading Aloud an Extract from a Storybook**

#### Activity 2c - Watch a video clip about a student reading aloud a short extract from a storybook.

#### Link to the clip:

https://www.edb.gov.hk/attachment/en/curriculum-development/kla/eng-edu/references-resources/LPF/Exemplars/Speaking/20\_Reading\_Aloud\_from\_Storybook\_x264.mp4

#### The student's performance in respect of Pronunciation, Stress, Rhythm & Intonation and annotation:

Speaking – ATM 1	Speaking - ATM 2	Speaking – ATM 3	Speaking - ATM 4	Speaking - ATM 5	Speaking - ATM 6	Speaking - ATM 7	Speaking - ATM 8	
			Learning	Dutcomes				
			Pronunciation, stress,	rhythm and intonation				
Pronouncing some	Pronouncing most	Speaking simple and	Speaking simple English	Speaking simple English	Speaking English quite	Speaking English	Speaking English	
simple words quite	simple words and	short stretches of English	quite accurately, and	quite accurately and	accurately and fluently,	accurately and fluently,	accurately and fluently,	
	imitating appropriate	-		fluently, and with	and with generally	and with generally	and with a high degree of	
	stress, rhythm and	showing an awareness of		occasionally appropriate	appropriate stress,	appropriate stress,	appropriateness in the	
	intonation quite	stress, rhythm and	intonation	stress, rhythm and	rhythm and intonation	rhythm and intonation	use of stress, rhythm and	
	accurately	intonation		intonation			intonation	

The student attained ATM 4 in Pronunciation, Stress, Rhythm and Intonation.

#### Annotation

The student was able to

- pronounce all the familiar words quite accurately, e.g. 'looked', 'name', 'answered', 'talk', 'change';
- pronounce some sound clusters quite accurately, e.g. 'friends', 'places', 'next', 'o'clock';
- read aloud a simple text fluently;
- show an awareness of stress, rhythm and intonation, e.g. 'Lisy said, 'Hello! My name's Lisy. What's your name?', 'Let's change places. You can be me and I can be you for a week.'.

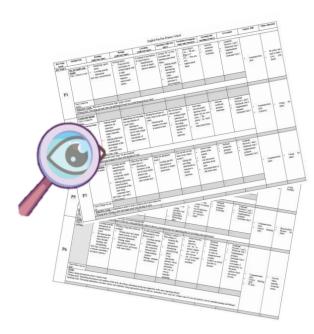
### Using the LPF to Enhance the Learning and Teaching of Speaking Skills

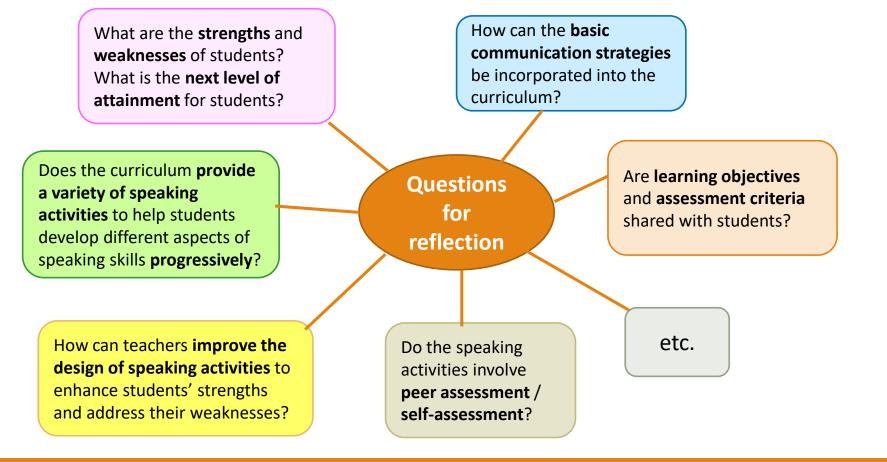
The LPF provides a common scale and language for teachers to describe students' performance and progress in English Language learning.



### Using the LPF to Enhance the Learning and Teaching of Speaking Skills

**Curriculum planning** - conduct **holistic curriculum review and planning across year levels** to ensure **progressive development** of students' speaking skills in **content, organisation and communication strategies**, **language**, and **pronunciation**, **stress**, **rhythm and intonation**.





#### Using the LPF to Enhance the Learning and Teaching of Speaking Skills

**Curriculum planning -** design **a range of meaningful speaking tasks** in accordance with the themes of the teaching units / reading workshops to develop students' speaking skills, e.g.

Game Guessing the Food (KS1)	Pair exchange Favourite Seasons and Festivals (KS1)	Reading aloud (KS2)	Question and answer About Tigers (KS2)
Students in groups make guesses about the food drawn on their own headbands by asking other group members simple questions.	Students in groups of two participate in a pair exchange talking about their favourite seasons and festivals.	Students read aloud a short extract from a storybook.	Students are asked to express their ideas and feelings about animals after reading an information text about tigers.
<b>Presentation</b> My Dream Job (KS2)	Show-and-tell Introducing a Model of the Neighbourhood (KS2)	Role-play The Ant and the Grasshopper (KS2)	<b>Group discussion</b> Favourite Places in HK (KS2)
Students give a simple presentation on their dream job in front of the class.	Students participate in a show- and-tell activity introducing a model of their own neighbourhood to the audience.	Students in groups of six rewrite the fable 'The Ant and the Grasshopper' in the form of a script and conduct a role-play in front of the class.	Students in groups of four participate in a group discussion talking about their favourite places in Hong Kong.

#### **Creating a Rich Language Learning Environment to Develop Students' Language Skills**

Design a whole-school language policy with concerted efforts, e.g.

Encourage students to interact with teachers and one another in English outside the classroom

Establish a lively and encouraging school and classroom atmosphere through daily routines or practices (e.g. morning reading time, show-and-tell activities, Campus TV) learning activities (e.g. English Days, English Camps, drama performances, English Ambassadors)

Organise

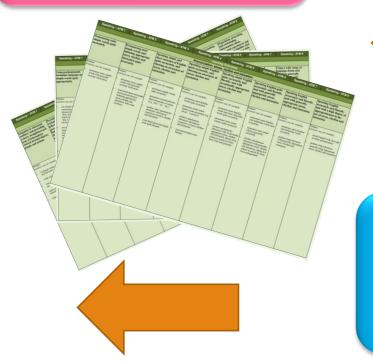
Display print materials in English (e.g. posters, signs, notices) all around the school Enrich the school library with reading materials of a wide range of subject content and text types

> Provide easy access to reading materials in different parts of the school

#### Using the LPF to Enhance the Learning and Teaching of Speaking Skills

#### Learning, Teaching and Assessment

(1) Identifying students' strengths & areas for improvement & setting speaking objectives



(3) Providing effective feedback on students' performance to guide them to make improvement

(2) Setting task-specific assessment criteria and designing speaking activities to help students attain the target learning outcomes (ATMs)

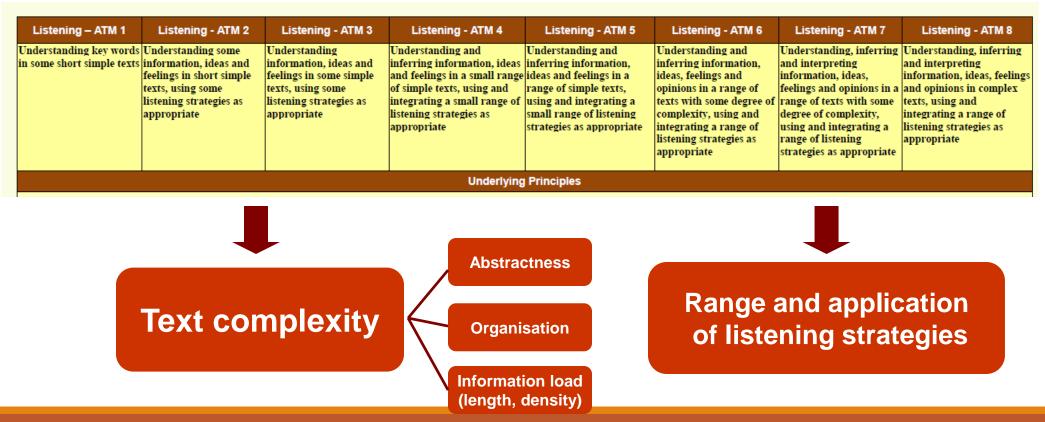
# Part 3

# Using the LPF to Enhance the Learning and Teaching of Listening Skills

# LPF for Listening

#### Depth of processing understanding ⇒ inferring ⇒ interpreting





#### **Understanding the Learning Progression**

#### Activity 3 - Identify the missing attainment milestones (ATM) for **listening** from the choices given

Listening – ATM 1	Listening - ATM 2	Listening - ATM 3	Listening - ATM 4	Listening - ATM 5	Listening - ATM 6	Listening - ATM 7	Listening - ATM 8	
Understanding key words in some short simple texts		Understanding information, ideas and feelings in some simple texts, using some listening strategies as appropriate		Understanding and inferring information, ideas and feelings in a range of simple texts, using and integrating a small range of listening strategies as appropriate	Understanding and inferring information, ideas, feelings and opinions in a range of texts with some degree of complexity, using and integrating a range of listening strategies as appropriate		Understanding, inferring and interpreting information, ideas, feelings and opinions in complex texts, using and integrating a range of listening strategies as appropriate	
	Underlying Principles							

a.	Understanding and inferring information, ideas and feelings in a small range of simple texts, using and integrating a small range of listening strategies as appropriate		Understanding, inferring and interpreting information, ideas, feelings and opinions in a range of texts with some degree of complexity, using and integrating a range of listening strategies as appropriate		Understanding some information, ideas and feelings in short simple texts, using some listening strategies as appropriate
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#### Activity 3 - Identify the missing attainment milestones (ATM) for **listening** from the choices given

Listening – ATM 1	Listening - ATM 2	Listening - ATM 3	Listening - ATM 4	Listening - ATM 5	Listening - ATM 6	Listening - ATM 7	Listening - ATM 8
Understanding key words in some short simple texts		Understanding information, ideas and feelings in some simple texts, using some listening strategies as appropriate	a.	Understanding and inferring information, ideas and feelings in a range of simple texts, using and integrating a small range of listening strategies as appropriate	Understanding and inferring information, ideas, feelings and opinions in a range of texts with some degree of complexity, using and integrating a range of listening strategies as appropriate	b.	Understanding, inferring and interpreting information, ideas, feelings and opinions in complex texts, using and integrating a range of listening strategies as appropriate
	Underlying Principles						

a.	Understanding and inferring information, ideas and feelings in a small range of simple texts, using and integrating a small range of listening strategies as appropriate		Understanding, inferring and interpreting information, ideas, feelings and opinions in a range of texts with some degree of complexity, using and integrating a range of listening strategies as appropriate	С.	Understanding some information, ideas and feelings in short simple texts, using some listening strategies as appropriate
----	--	--	--	----	---

# Progression of Attainment Milestone for Listening

ATM 2 Understanding some information, ideas and feelings in short simple texts, using some listening strategies as appropriate ATM 4 Understanding & inferring information, ideas & feelings in a small range of simple texts, using & integrating a small range of listening strategies as appropriate ATM 7 Understanding, inferring & interpreting information, ideas, feelings & opinions in a range of texts with some degree of complexity, using & integrating a range of listening strategies as appropriate

**Depth of processing** 

**Text complexity** 

Range & application of listening strategies

# The LPF for English Language (Listening) – Underlying Principles

- 1. language development strategies, generic skills, and positive values and attitudes (all 4 skills)
- 2. exposure to a variety of text types and listening purposes
- selection of a wide range of texts of appropriate lengths and different topics
- the interplay between tasks and texts when designing tasks for learners
- development of some basic listening strategies (e.g. being attentive, activating prior knowledge, anticipating the likely development of spoken texts, being selective while listening.)
- the provision of support is gradually reduced to promote learner independence (all 4 skills)

(Reading &

Listening)

## **Understanding Students' Learning Outcomes using** LPF Listening Exemplar – Joining the Basketball Team

Activity 4 – Listen to a conversation between Tom and the basketball team leader. Review the question intent in respect of the development of listening skills and Strategies. Decide the ATM level and pointers that students can achieve.

# **Task Description**

In this listening activity, students listened to a conversation between Tom and the basketball team leader. They then filled in an application form.

## Preparation

Before the listening activity, the teacher asked them to share their experience of filling in a form, e.g. applying for a library card or membership of a club. Then the teacher guided students to predict the information they need to fill in for joining the basketball team by asking the following questions:

- 1. What school club or interest class have you joined?
- 2. Did you need to fill in an application form?
- 3. What information do you need when you fill in an application form?

Tom wants to join the basketball team. The team leader is helping him fill in an application form. Listen to the conversation and complete the form. **Circle the answer** or **fill in the information**.

	Basketball Team Membership Application Form		
e.g. 1.	Name: Tom Chan         Age:         a. 10         b. 8         c. 9		<ul> <li>Street:</li> <li>a. 13 Temple Street</li> <li>b. 30 Semple Street</li> <li>c. 30 Temple street</li> <li>d. 13 Semple Street</li> </ul>
2.	Address	3.	Telephone no:
	Flat: a. 12B b. 12D c. 12C	4.	Email address: a. tom@starnet.com b. tom@starmat.com c. tome@starbat.com
	Building a. Park Field Building b. Park View Building c. Pat Hill Building d. Pat View Building	5.	Team T-shirt: a. small b. large c. Extra large

Answer Key Basketball Tea		
e.g. Name: <u>Tom Chan</u>	Example	Script
Questions       1. Age:          a. 10 <i>D</i> b. 8 c. 9	When students respond to the questions appropriately, they can:         L2         • locate key words in the text, e.g. 'eight'	Tom:       Hello. I'm Tom Chan. Can I join the basketball team?         Leader:       Yes, of course. Let me help you fill in the application form first. How old are you, Tom?         Tom:       I'm eight years old.* (5-second pause)
<ul> <li>Address:</li> <li>Flat:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>L2</li> <li>identify familiar words, e.g. 'Park', 'View', 'Temple', by recognising some consonant and vowel sounds and distinguishing between the stressed and unstressed sounds</li> </ul>	Leader:What's your address?Tom:Flat 12B, Park View Building, 30 Temple Street.Leader:Hold on, please. Flat 12B, Park View Building, 13 Temple Street.Tom:Excuse me, it should be 30 Temple Street.* (5-second pause)
Street:       □ a.       13 Temple Street         □ b.       30 Semple Street         ☑ c.       30 Temple Street         □ d.       13 Semple Street		

	Answer Key	Learning outcomes & pointers		Script
3.	Telephone no: <u>28934175</u> E-mail address: Za. tom@starnet.com	L2 • locate key words in the text L2	Leader: Tom: Leader:	OK. Can I have your phone number, please? Sure. It's 2893 4175. 2893 4175. OK.* (5-second pause)
4.	E-mail address: <i>a. tom@starnet.com</i> b. tom@starmat.com c. tom@starbat.com	<ul> <li>identify familiar words, e.g.</li> <li>'starnet', by recognising some consonant and vowel sounds</li> </ul>	Leader: Tom: Leader:	What's your e-mail address? It's tom at starnet dot com. Tom at starnet dot com. OK.* <i>(5-second pause)</i>
5.	Team T-shirt: □ a. small Øb. large □ c. extra large	<ul> <li>L3</li> <li>extract specific information in texts by identifying relevant meaningful chunks, e.g. ' you're tall but you're not fat.', 'You don't need an extra large T-shirt.'</li> </ul>	Leader: Tom: Leader: Tom: Leader:	By the way, our team T-shirt comes in three sizes. What size do you want? Let me see. I'm the tallest in my class. I'd better take an extra large one. Yes, you're tall but you're not fat. You don't need an extra large T-shirt. You're right. Thanks a lot. You're welcome.* (5-second pause)

# Enhancing Learning and Teaching of Listening with the Help of the LPF

**From** understanding what learners need to achieve as they progress in the development of Listening



Referring to the LPF for listening for the learning outcomes & identifying learners' strengths & weaknesses Setting specific learning objectives, designing appropriate questions, conducting listening activities and providing focused feedback on learners' performance

Consolidating and developing learners' listening skills and strategies

to provide suitable support and challenges that may take learners to the next level of learning

#### **Use of the LPF for Listening**



# **Strategies**

# Assessment

Identifying students' strengths and weaknesses

Setting reasonable **learning objectives** in listening activities for students Identifying the **listening skills** & **strategies** that students should develop, and providing necessary support to them

Identifying level appropriate listening texts/materials for students Designing listening activities/Improving the design of listening activities by

- reviewing/setting questions
- conducting listening activities
- providing feedback on students' performance

Providing support to develop students' Listening Skills and Strategies

# Top-down strategies

Providing **background information** to facilitate students' understanding of the listening activities, e.g. situation, context, topic

# Bottom-up strategies

Providing **language support**, e.g. explaining the new vocabulary items, introducing the sentence patterns, to help students decode the sounds and interpret meaning

# Developing students' listening strategies LPF Listening Exemplar – Survey on Favourite Cartoons

Activity 5 – Listen to an interview between Billy and Sarah about her favourite cartoon. Suggest ways to provide support to students before and during the listening activity.

#### A Survey on Favourite Cartoons

## **Task Description**

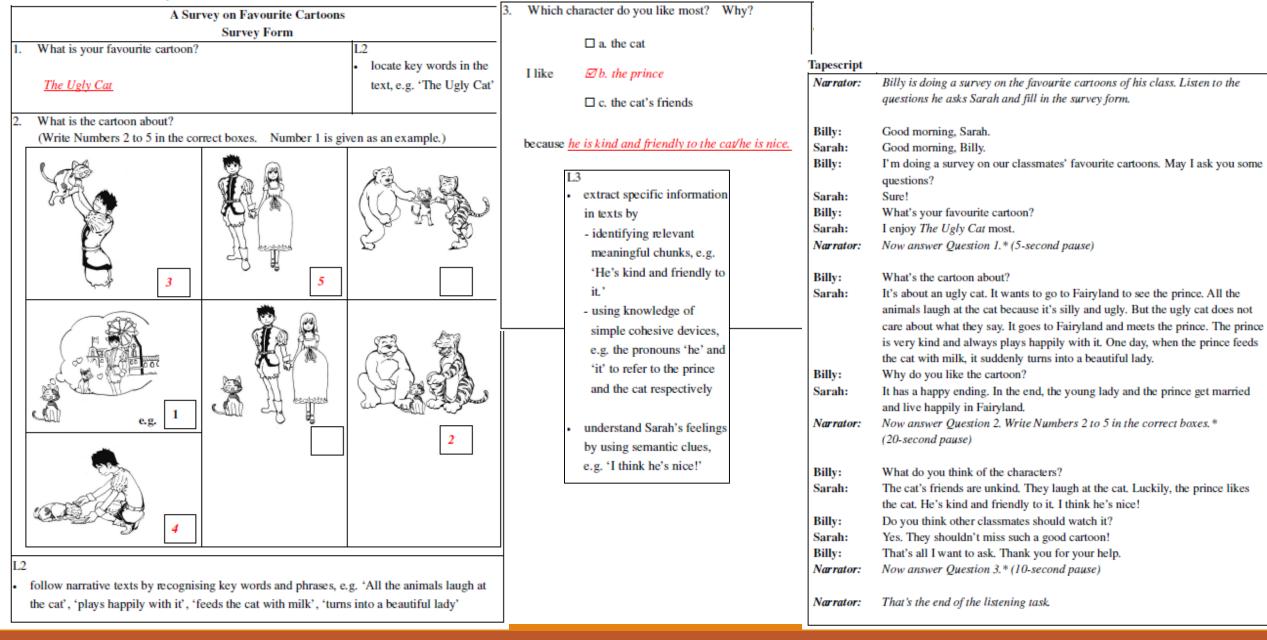
In this listening activity, students listened to an interview between Billy and Sarah about her favourite cartoon. They then filled in a survey form.

#### Preparation

Before the listening activity, the teacher aroused students' interest in cartoons and helped them predict the setting and characters of the cartoon by asking the following questions:

- Do you like watching cartoons?
- Which is your favourite cartoon?
- What is it about?

Billy is doing a survey on the favourite cartoons of his class. Listen to the questions he asks Sarah and fill in the survey form.



# Foreseeable problems

#### Support before the listening



Lack of experience in doing surveys

- Expose students to examples of surveys, e.g. a survey on health and daily life habits.
- Guide students to glance through the questions and predict answers.

Ask students to **predict the interview questions and answers**.

Unfamiliar with the features of narrative texts

- Activate students' prior knowledge by asking them to share their favourite cartoon programmes, including the name of the programme, characters and unforgettable stories.
- Ask students to share the cartoon characters they like best.

#### Support during the listening

Weak at noting down reasons

- Remind students to note down the key words only, not every word they hear in the audio file.
- They can complete the sentence when they have time to tidy up the answer.

Get students familiar with the **text features**, e.g. characters, plot, problem, ending.

Remind students to pay attention to the **key words and phrases** to choose the correct picture.

Provide **language support** for students to complete the sentence.

# Steps in Improving Students' Listening Skills at KS2 with Reference to LPF

**Evaluation** Plan **Strategy** - Providing language - Analysing students' - Providing diagnostic support and background performance in feedback to students information when the listening assessment - Making adaptations context is less familiar to papers to the existing students - Observing students' listening materials to - Providing opportunities performance in daily suit students' learning for students to do simple assessment tasks, e.g. needs note-taking

- Encouraging students

to justify their choices

dictation, listening

activities

# Steps in Using the LPF to

# Enhance Students' Speaking and Listening Skills

- 1. Provide opportunities to engage students in a range of tasks that cover a variety of purposes and text types in the school-based English programme.
- 2. Identify the **requirements** for each task/the **question intent** of each item with reference to the LPF.
- 2. Develop a **task-specific feedback sheet** to provide constructive feedback to students.
- 3. Develop students' **speaking/listening strategies** in an integrative manner, e.g.
  - > engaging students in task-based learning activities to interact and share information
  - providing background information and language support for students to approach less familiar topics
  - strengthening students' phonics skills in decoding less familiar words
  - > guiding students to use mind maps to organise/note down ideas
  - drawing students' attention to the features of texts when processing information

# **Recap of Today's Message**

